Sector &
EquityQ4
2021Compass2021UncertaintyYDemandsYDiversification



STATE STREET GLOBAL ADVISORS SPDR®

03	Themes and Outlook			
05	Sector and Equity Performance			
06	Sector and Equity ETF Flows			
07	Institutional Investor Flows Overview			
10	Sector Picks			
10 11 12 13 15 17	Energy (World, US, Europe) Financials (World, US, Europe) Health Care (World, US, Europe) Top 5 Holdings by Index Sector Index Metrics SPDR Sector ETFs			
18	Equity Regions in Focus			
18 19 20 21	European Equities Japanese Equities US Mid Caps SPDR Broad Equity ETFs			

More to be uncertain about this quarter

Uncertainty Demands Diversification

Compared with previous quarters this year, which could have been termed "recovery" or "reflation" or "passing the baton from US to Europe," the coming quarter looks more difficult to predict.

We continue to believe that equities in general are supported by earnings forecasts, driven by continued reopening, and investors are still willing to buy any dip but are increasingly mindful of risks to growth and sentiment. Among the factors we are now taking into account are exposure to China (while still an engine of growth for many markets, it is increasingly a source of regulatory risk), rising input costs and the speed of tapering.

One answer to such uncertainties is to introduce diversification to portfolios. Investing in a sector or a regional index is the first step to help reduce idiosyncratic stock risk. Other factors to consider could be diversifying sources of return drivers or risk exposure (readily achievable through sectors, but also with different parts of the world, such as Japan), opting for lower correlation of performance between funds, or diversifying by size (as with mid-cap equities).

Inflation Staying Higher for Longer

Transitory pressures or not, the current inflationary phase is lasting longer than most commentators expected. Investors who want to benefit in this environment could turn to sectors with a higher positive sensitivity to inflation, such as energy and financials, or cyclical sectors, such as industrials and materials. Defensive (or non-discretionary) sectors find price rises much harder to pass on to consumers and tend to fare relatively poorly during inflationary periods; consumer staples is a prime example.

Rates will Rise Eventually

Despite actual interest rate rises still being some way off for most major central banks, they will happen eventually, and sectors are an effective means of positioning portfolios for such an economic outlook. The sector that is most often quoted as a beneficiary of higher rates is financials, with high growth, highly valued sectors such as technology often suffering as the discount rate is applied to their future rate rises. One of our preferred equity regions is Europe, which is overweight in financials and cyclical exposures and underweight FAANG-type companies.

Reopening Still Beneficial, But Be Careful

There are still business areas that have not fully reopened and investors' enthusiasm for mean reversion often means such opportunities will be hunted and exploited. However, as with society's battle against COVID, it is too easy to assume we have won and let our guard down. So even though we are comfortable that economic growth will continue, and we prefer the reward-risk expectations of cyclical sectors, there are likely to be setbacks. For that reason, we also look for safer options.

Quality exposures have proved popular in recent months, with investors seeking stability of earnings growth, balance sheet strength and cashflow, as demonstrated by health care sector.

Sector Picks This Quarter

SPDR Sector Picks take into account the above themes and our macroeconomic outlook, as well as fundamentals, momentum (taken from our **Sector ETF Momentum Map**) and investor behaviour (flows and holdings data, as presented in this document).

	World	US	Europe
Energy	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Financials	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Health Care	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

Sector and Equity Performance

YTD 2021 (%)

34.1

23.2

16.3

16.2

14.7

13.0

11.0

10.1

8.8

5.7

3.2

-1.3

World Sectors

2.1

1.4

1.3

1.0

0.0

-0.3

-0.5

-1.1

-1.3

-1.8

-1.9

-5.0

Q3 2021 (%)

Financials

Tech

Energy

Health

Care

MSCI

World NR Comm

Services

Real

Estate

Utilities

Cons Disc

Industrials

Cons

Staples

Materials

US Sectors

21 (%)	Q3 2021 (%)	YTD 20	21 (%)
Energy	Financials	2.6	40.8	Energy
Financials	Utilities	1.5	28.6	Financials
Comm Services	Health Care	1.3	23.7	Real Estate
Real Estate	Tech	1.3	19.2	Comm Services
Tech	Real Estate	0.7	15.5	S&P500 NR
MSCI World NR	Cons Disc	0.7	15.3	Tech
Health Care	S&P500 NR	0.5	13.0	Health Care
Industrials	Comm Services	-0.9	12.1	Cons Disc
Cons Disc	Cons Staples	-1.2	11.1	Industrials
Materials	Energy	-2.4	10.1	Materials
Cons Staples	Materials	-3.6	3.5	Utilities
Utilities	Industrials	-4.3	3.3	Cons Staples

Europe Sectors

Q3 2021 (9	%)	YTD 202	21 (%)
Energy	11.9	32.4	Energy
Tech	5.4	27.8	Tech
Financials	3.7	21.3	Financials
Industrials	2.0	19.3	Industrials
Health Care	1.6	16.2	MSCI Europe NR
MSCI Europe NR	0.7	15.3	Health Care
Real Estate	-1.5	14.3	Materials
Cons Staples	-2.1	14.1	Cons Disc
Materials	-2.5	12.0	Comm Services
Comm Services	-2.5	9.1	Cons Staples
Utilities	-3.0	5.9	Real Estate
Cons Disc	-5.0	-4.1	Utilities

Source: State Street Global Advisors, Bloomberg Finance L.P., as of 30 September 2021. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. The universes for the above charts are the MSCI World, S&P Select Sectors, and MSCI Europe. Index returns are unmanaged and do not reflect the deduction of any fees or expenses. Index Performance is not meant to represent that of any particular fund. Index performance is net total return. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.

Equity Performance by Region	Q3 2021 (%)	YTD 2021 (%)
Eurozone Developed	-0.2	15.6
US Equities	0.0	15.5
Japan Equities	5.3	14.4
Europe Equities	0.1	16.2
UK Equities	1.0	13.6
Global Equities	-1.3	11.1
Global Emerging Markets	-7.7	-1.2
Asia Emerging Markets	-9.1	-4.1

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P., as of 30 September 2021. Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns. Returns are net total returns. Reference indices are: UK Equities — FTSE All Share Index; Global Equities — MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index; Asia Emerging Markets - MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Asia Index; Eurozone Developed - MSCI EMU Index; Global Emerging Markets - MSCI Emerging Markets Index; Europe Equities — MSCI Europe Index; Japan Equities — MSCI Japan Index; US Equities — S&P 500 Index. Index returns are unmanaged and do not reflect the deduction of any fees or expenses. Index Performance is not meant to represent that of any particular fund. Index returns reflect all items of income, gain and loss and the reinvestment of dividends and other income as applicable.

Sector and Equity ETF Flows

Sector ETF Flows	European-Do	miciled (\$mn)	US-Domic	iled (\$mn)
	Q3 2021	YTD	Q3 2021	YTD
Communication Services	-38	72	1,836	1,882
Consumer Discretionary	215	509	-1,357	1,567
Consumer Staples	178	342	730	-2,022
Energy	-93	4,015	-64	13,120
Financials	-1,165	4,268	-1,392	19,540
Health Care	1,126	2,469	3,928	3,347
Industrials	-564	205	-2,239	2,245
Materials	152	1,244	-3,064	4,977
Real Estate	16	477	3,010	10,577
Technology	1,664	3,553	9,470	12,197
Utilities	357	1,250	616	305

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P., State Street Global Advisors, as of 30 September 2021. Flows shown above are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future. **Methodology** We collect and aggregate flow figures for all sector and industry ETFs domiciled in the US and Europe. As of 30 September 2021, this set includes approximately \$845 billion in AUM invested in US-domiciled funds and \$88 billion in AUM invested in European-domiciled funds. The flow figures include ETFs invested across regions (including US, Europe and World). They are calculated as the net figure of buys minus sells. **The green boxes signify the two highest flow figures for each period, while the red boxes signify the two lowest flow figures.**

Equity ETF Flows by Region	Europ	ean-Domiciled	(\$mn)		US	-Domiciled (\$m	in)
	September 2021	Q3 2021	YTD		September 2021	Q3 2021	YTD
Global	4,108	11,291	53,948	US	23,194	87,558	389,479
US	3,509	9,415	30,921	Global	-229	549	65,933
Europe	-472	-281	7,586	International — Developed	4,911	22,876	81,800
UK	33	-830	2,260	International — Emerging Markets	1,880	3,133	37,724
Other Region	-188	497	1,073	International — Region	-27	698	17,787
Single Country	787	842	6,501	International — Single Country	2,238	5,247	19,239
ЕМ	975	1,364	9,654	Currency Hedged	162	429	257
Total	8,753	22,299	111,944	Total	32,129	120,490	612,219

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P., as of 30 September 2021. Flows shown above are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. Single Country exposures are those that include securities from one country of domicile.

Flows Overview

Demand for equities remained positive through last quarter, even as the market became more volatile.

ETF investments showed net inflows into the majority of categories. Institutional investor flows showed different trends to sector ETFs in their pursuit of energy in Q3. ETF investors were heavy buyers of energy funds early in the year as part of the reflation trade, but moved into growth options in Q3. Meanwhile, institutional investors actively added to oil and gas companies through most of last quarter; with a recent acceleration, at the expense of real estate holdings, that can be seen in the active flows charts. Even after these relative inflows, positioning in energy is still underweight in the regions we monitor.

The largest global underweight positions by sector remain real estate and health care, with almost as extreme overweight positions in technology.

Relative trends in the institutional market, among regional groupings, showed net buying of emerging markets from heavily underweight positions as buying opportunities emerged. This was partly funded from large US holdings.



Source: State Street Global Markets. Data are as of 30 September 2021. Sectors flows are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.

World: Progression of Active Flows Trend of Flows Over Past Quarter





Source: State Street Global Markets. Data are as of 30 September 2021. Sectors flows are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. The universes for the above charts are the MSCI ACWI. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.



Source: State Street Global Markets. Data are as of 30 September 2021. Sectors flows are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.



Source: State Street Global Markets. Data are as of 30 September 2021. Sectors flows are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. The universes for the above charts are the MSCI US. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.

US: Progression of Active Flows Trend of Flows Over Past Quarter





Source: State Street Global Markets. Data are as of 30 September 2021. Sectors flows are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.

Europe: Progression of Active Flows Trend of Flows Over

Past Quarter



0.20 👔 Active Flow (Basis Points of Market Cap)



Source: State Street Global Markets. Data are as of 30 September 2021. Sectors flows are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. The universes for the above charts are the MSCI Europe. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.



Source: State Street Global Markets, Thomson Datastream, as of 30 September 2021. Flows are as of the date indicated, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon as current thereafter. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future.

Equity Flows and Holdings by Region Active Flow Over

Past Quarter and Relative Holdings vs. Past 5 Years

3-month flow (Upper Axis)
1-month flow (Upper Axis)
Holdings (Lower Axis)

World	US	Europe
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

- Positive sensitivity to inflation and reopening activity
- Crude oil prices supported by curtailed supply and rapidly returning demand
- Strong earnings sentiment and relatively attractive valuation versus obvious transition risk

Benefits of Inflation and Supply Chain Pressures

While inflation and supply chain pressure are causing problems across equity markets, the energy sector is benefiting. The relationship between the crude oil price and CPI (of which it is a core but volatile component), and energy stocks' high correlation with crude oil futures, explain the inflation benefits of this sector. Energy has the highest beta sensitivity to inflation of any sector (see page 16).

The reopening story drove the energy sector at the start of this year and has provided a renewed tailwind as industries harder hit by COVID-induced shutdowns, such as air travel, ramp up their activity levels. The improving demand scenario boosts energy providers' pricing power, which is difficult to find elsewhere. The other near-term boost has been supply shortages of natural gas, which caused gas prices to spike to record levels in Asia and Europe. Strong demand plus high prices for carbon alternatives could keep markets structurally tight through 2025. While natural gas is a smaller part of the sector's output than crude oil, the significant price rises have resulted in further uplift to earnings estimates.

Investors have been chasing shares in recent weeks (see sector ETF flows on page 6 and institutional investor flows on page 7). The sector is notably under-owned by investors and the pressure of underperforming in this reflationary market has seen broad-based buying globally.

How Long will the Supply/Demand Dynamics Remain in Favour?

Demand for oil has returned rapidly but supply has been slower. Two sources of supply are often quoted: oil produced from OPEC countries and other leading supply nations (such as Russia, which are combined in OPEC+) and shale oil produced from onshore fields in the US.

Curtailed supply from OPEC+ nations was agreed during the COVID crisis and helped stabilise the oil price at the time. Compliance was high. A more recent agreement, confirmed at the start of October, is to increase monthly production by 400,000 barrels per day. At this rate, the previous production cuts will not be fully reversed until at least Q3 2022. At the same time, shale management teams have not indicated any rush to add capacity. The number of US shale rigs dropped by 75% last year, and only half have come back to the market.

Of course, long-term oil and gas demand faces the ultimate threat from renewables and political action. But the vast amount of installed capacity in global energy systems (such as transport infrastructure and power stations) will provide demand for years to come, thus giving companies time to adapt.

Environmental Risks Widely Known

Environmental concerns around fossil fuel use cannot be ignored and a discount rating may ensue. However, we have seen positive change on engagement. Firms are a long way from acknowledgment of climate change to transition, but the majors have the knowledge, logistical and geographic reach to deliver solutions. Meanwhile, the sector is supported by a relatively attractive earnings and valuation profile. Companies show capital discipline, and excess cash could lift dividends and share buybacks.

Financials

World	US	Europe
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

This Pick has Lasted All Year

- Any rise or steepening of rates helps the sector
- Benefits of strong financial markets
- Cash and capital returns

Benefits of Tapering

As with energy, financial sector ETFs have been heavily traded this year as a means of interpreting investors' economic outlook, particularly on interest rates. While the Federal Reserve has grabbed headlines on rates, any policy move from the European Central Bank or Bank of England would also significantly affect financial companies. The first step toward normalisation will be a reduction in quantitative easing and, as soon as that timetable is confirmed, the market can focus on future base rate rises.

Ahead of this, government bond yields have already risen and yield curves have steepened. Both factors benefit banks, in particular by feeding through to their borrowing and lending rates, which dictate net interest margins. The spread between the yield on a 5-year Treasury note and a 2-year note is a good proxy of US banks' funding costs, and at 69 basis points this is approximately a third higher than summer lows. The banking industry constitutes 39% of US financials and 46% of the European sector by market capitalisation.*

Interest rates are also a key parameter for insurance companies. Product earnings in the life insurance sector are more interest rate-sensitive than non-life, given a dominance of long-duration and savings-type products. Higher interest rates tend to improve profitability, as do strong financial markets, which benefit insurers' investment portfolios.

Embarrassment of Riches

The boost to earnings from higher yields should improve balance sheets and support distributions. Share buybacks have returned sharply. In the S&P 500, financial buybacks increased by 18% in Q2, totalling \$41.8 billion or 21% of all buybacks.** JPMorgan Chase, Berkshire Hathaway, and Bank of America featured among the top 10 largest payments. Distributions from banks were restricted by monetary authorities during the worst of the COVID crisis and the return of share buybacks and dividend increases have been welcomed by investors.

Buying the Whole Sector

We see several reasons for considering financials rather than just banks: 1) Tapping the gains of strong financial markets across insurance funds, asset managers, financial service providers and exchanges. 2) Exposure to consumer wealth via savings and investment products. 3) Relative stability of earnings: while bank earnings are forecast to grow faster than financials next year, they are prone to much bigger swings in sentiment.* 4) Lower volatility of returns. 5) Diversification.

* Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P., as of 30 September 2021.

^{**} Source: S&P press release, 23 September 2021.

Health Care

World	US	Europe
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

- Ready with First Aid
- Offers relative stability and quality
- Diversification through exposure to different economic drivers
- Long-term growth story enhanced

Quality at a Time It's Needed

In a more difficult environment, where we have moved beyond rapid recovery and face uncertainty ahead, some relative safety could help portfolios. The health care sector has historically performed well in mid-cycle environments, which are vulnerable to equity market corrections. Investors will pay a premium for quality companies that can sustain earnings momentum through a slowing economic growth environment.

The health care sector could solve a quality need, offering lower volatility, low beta or defensive growth. The sector offers all these characteristics by virtue of its essential products and services (ranging from drugs, to equipment for operations, to operating nursing homes). The quality tag can be seen in the sector's high returns on capital, healthy cashflow and relative stability of earnings.

While 2020 earnings were hit by canceled medical operations and doctor visits, they still came in close to 2019 levels. The relative lack of disruption has resulted in comparatively low earnings growth for the next two years (see page 15) but, looking out to 2023, growth is above average again. Looking to the longer term, the need demonstrated during the COVID pandemic has not necessarily increased the sector's profitability, but gains made in technology (such as mRNA vaccine delivery) and ramp-up in facilities should be beneficial.

Diversity

Health care is less vulnerable to many of today's challenges (such as energy costs, chip shortages, new Chinese regulations) than many other sectors. Nevertheless, the sector has a high proportion of nondomestic earnings, which can lead to international trade risks. The impact of currency moves, such as euro weakness versus the US dollar, on relative pricing currently favours European suppliers. However, investors may also consider the industry composition to make a regional pick — for example, the weight in more stable pharmaceutical manufacturers (higher in Europe) versus the faster growing biotechnology companies and the innovative suppliers of lab and hospital equipment (larger in the US).

A big point of difference between health care and our other two Sector Picks is the reliance on inflation. While financials and energy have both historically performed better in periods of higher inflation (>2.5%), health care returns are similar across both low and high inflation regimes.*

The correlation of MSCI World Health Care with energy is just 43%, reflecting the varied response to economic variables such as PMIs and interest rates and the strong difference in growth versus value characteristics. The correlation of health care with financials is closer to the average with other sectors at 69%.

* Source: FactSet, as of 30 August 2021.

Diversification does not ensure a profit or guarantee against loss.

Top 5 Holdings by Index

Name	Index Weight (%)
MSCI World Energy 35/20 Capped Index	
Exxon Mobil Corporation	13.44
Chevron Corp	10.58
Total Energies	6.46
BP	5.01
Royal Dutch Shell A	4.94
MSCI World Financials 35/20 Capped Index	
JPMorgan Chase & Co	6.25
Berkshire Hathaway Inc	4.57
Bank of America Corp	4.13
Wells Fargo & Co	2.42
Citigroup Inc	1.83
MSCI World Health Care 35/20 Capped Index	
Johnson & Johnson	5.82
UnitedHealth Group Inc	5.05
Roche Holding AG	3.52
Pfizer Inc	3.30
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	3.07
S&P Energy Select Sector Daily Capped 25/20 Index	
Exxon Mobil Corporation	22.67
Chevron Corporation	18.15
EOG Resources, Inc.	4.99
ConocoPhillips	4.95
Marathon Petroleum Corporation	4.64
S&P Financials Select Sector Daily Capped 25/20 Index	· · ·
Berkshire Hathaway Inc	12.16
JPMorgan Chase & Co	11.75
Bank of America Corp	7.55
Wells Fargo & Co	4.58
Citigroup Inc	3.42
S&P Health Care Select Sector Daily Capped 25/20 Index	
Johnson & Johnson	8.78
UnitedHealth Group Inc	7.61
Pfizer Inc	4.98
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	4.64
Abbott Laboratories	4.33

Source: MSCI, S&P and State Street Global Advisors, as of 30 September 2021. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown.

Top 5 Holdings by Index (cont'd)

Name	Index Weight (%)
MSCI Europe Energy 35/20 Capped Index	,
BP	18.15
Total Energies	17.56
Royal Dutch Shell A	16.91
Royal Dutch Shell B	15.24
ENI	8.25
MSCI Europe Financials 35/20 Capped Index	
HSBC Holdings PLC	6.23
	5.40
BNP Paribas SA	4.19
Banco Santander SA	3.66
Zurich Insurance Group AG	3.59
MSCI Europe Health Care 35/20 Capped Index	
Roche Holding AG	16.58
AstraZeneca PLC	12.04
Novartis AG	11.77
Novo Nordisk A/S	10.50
Sanofi	7.03

Source: MSCI, S&P and State Street Global Advisors, as of 30 September 2021. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown.

Sector Index Metrics

	Fundamental	Fundamental Growth Forecasts & Valuations									
	Est. 2yr EPS Growth (% p.a.)*	3mth Change to 1yr EPS Growth Forecast (%)	Forward P/E**	Forward Relative P/B**	Relative CAPE	Relative CAPE (10yr Avg)	ROE (%)	Debt/ Equity (%)	12mth Div. Yield (%)***		
MSCI World Sector Indic	es	·									
MSCI World Index	25.6	5.6	18.1	-	-	-	13.4	138	1.87		
Comm. Services	22.0	6.2	18.5	1.11	1.51	1.44	12.0	99	1.17		
Consumer Disc.	51.0	2.4	21.3	1.41	1.21	1.16	12.9	118	1.08		
Consumer Staples	8.1	1.6	19.0	1.43	0.91	1.12	22.4	100	2.64		
Energy	346.0	13.6	11.2	0.50	0.41	0.51	12.5	70	4.41		
Financials	23.4	7.0	12.6	0.43	0.61	0.61	9.2	231	2.88		
Health Care	11.2	2.0	17.4	1.43	1.20	1.15	28.2	79	1.68		
Industrials	43.1	5.9	18.7	1.15	1.02	1.08	14.5	98	1.74		
Materials	35.9	10.4	12.8	0.71	0.84	0.91	22.8	51	3.80		
Real Estate	11.8	4.7	27.2	0.57	1.02	1.23	5.3	84	2.83		
Technology	19.2	7.9	26.0	2.80	1.70	1.33	42.9	68	0.80		
Utilities	4.2	-0.5	16.5	0.61	0.80	0.92	12.1	135	3.99		
US S&P Select Sector In	dices										
S&P 500 Index	26.3	6.3	19.6	-	-	-	22.3	117	1.41		
Comm. Services	28.3	6.3	18.7	0.88	1.32	1.50	17.3	101	0.90		
Consumer Disc.	46.0	3.6	24.7	2.16	1.49	1.23	29.2	223	0.78		
Consumer Staples	8.5	4.5	18.8	1.31	0.70	0.91	32.4	120	2.68		
Energy	N/A	15.2	12.8	0.42	0.45	0.56	10.6	64	4.26		
Financials	26.3	8.0	14.4	0.38	0.69	0.59	12.4	145	1.75		
Health Care	11.4	3.1	16.3	1.09	0.94	1.02	32.1	86	1.56		
Industrials	57.7	3.2	18.8	1.26	0.85	0.96	20.3	149	1.52		
Materials	37.1	10.1	15.8	0.68	0.85	0.99	19.2	62	1.90		
Real Estate	17.6	16.5	44.0	0.45	1.56	1.73	9.0	125	2.52		
Technology	19.5	8.5	24.1	2.24	1.17	1.03	46.6	78	0.87		
Utilities	4.6	-0.7	18.3	0.49	0.79	1.03	11.1	145	3.26		
MSCI Europe Sector Indi	ces				1		1		1		
MSCI Europe Index	32.9	8.7	14.8	-	-	-	10.5	177	3.13		
Comm. Services	11.5	6.5	14.9	0.73	0.70	0.84	6.9	124	3.97		
Consumer Disc.	101.8	10.7	15.0	1.13	1.17	1.46	14.3	100	2.08		
Consumer Staples	8.7	1.4	18.5	1.74	1.04	1.36	18.5	92	2.85		
Energy	204.2	19.8	8.8	0.60	0.57	0.60	13.4	69	4.55		
Financials	28.0	11.1	10.2	0.44	0.69	0.64	8.6	320	4.64		
Health Care	9.8	3.4	17.4	1.94	1.20	1.24	25.1	73	2.48		
Industrials	54.3	8.0	19.3	1.92	1.55	1.46	19.6	103	2.09		
Materials	43.1	13.8	11.6	1.02	1.05	1.11	24.1	50	5.23		
Real Estate	3.3	-1.1	18.7	0.48	0.94	1.11	4.5	87	2.97		
Technology	22.8	5.8	28.6	2.94	4.01	3.40	15.7	60	0.80		
Utilities	10.8	3.2	14.6	0.91	0.87	0.74	13.7	129	5.69		

Source: State Street Global Advisors, FactSet, Bloomberg Finance L.P., Morningstar, as of 30 September 2021. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. The above estimates based on certain assumptions and analysis made. There is no guarantee that the estimates will be achieved. * Calculated as a 2-year average of consensus forecasts for adjusted EPS using BEst (Bloomberg Estimates).

** Forward estimates refer to 12 months. *** This measures the weighted average of gross dividend yield of the relevant index and the underlying stocks from the relevant ETF.

Sector Index Metrics (cont'd)

	Macro Sensitivitie	'S****		Risk Metrics*****					
	US 10yr Yield Sensitivity (36 Months)	Brent Crude Oil Price Sensitivity (36 Months)	Inflation (5yr–5yr Forward) Sensitivity (36 Months)	Beta (36 Months)	Volatility (36 Months) (%)	Correlation (36 Months)			
MSCI World Sector Indi	ces								
MSCI World Index	0.10	0.26	0.62	1.00	18.46	-			
Comm. Services	0.09	0.22	0.57	0.88	17.74	0.94			
Consumer Disc.	0.11	0.29	0.81	1.12	21.96	0.97			
Consumer Staples	0.03	0.11	0.39	0.58	13.00	0.85			
Energy	0.24	0.51	0.90	1.48	34.57	0.81			
Financials	0.19	0.35	0.78	1.17	24.31	0.91			
Health Care	0.02	0.12	0.36	0.68	15.38	0.84			
Industrials	0.13	0.30	0.73	1.11	21.83	0.96			
Materials	0.11	0.29	0.64	1.06	21.58	0.94			
Real Estate	0.05	0.21	0.46	0.79	17.61	0.85			
Technology	0.08	0.28	0.65	1.05	21.41	0.93			
Utilities	0.02	0.11	0.32	0.50	14.54	0.65			
US S&P Select Sector Ir	ndices								
S&P 500 Index	0.10	0.24	0.65	1.00	18.81	-			
Commun. Services	0.10	0.28	0.65	0.99	20.34	0.95			
Consumer Disc.	0.09	0.28	0.77	1.09	22.05	0.95			
Consumer Staples	0.05	0.11	0.44	0.61	14.20	0.83			
Energy	0.29	0.60	1.04	1.69	41.74	0.78			
Financials	0.20	0.33	0.78	1.14	24.72	0.89			
Health Care	0.03	0.12	0.42	0.70	16.11	0.84			
Industrials	0.15	0.31	0.80	1.16	24.03	0.93			
Materials	0.12	0.26	0.67	1.05	22.22	0.91			
Real Estate	0.03	0.18	0.39	0.71	17.13	0.80			
Technology	0.08	0.26	0.66	1.03	21.38	0.93			
Utilities	0.03	0.06	0.30	0.41	16.08	0.50			
MSCI Europe Sector Ind	lices	1			1				
MSCI Europe Index	0.10	0.28	0.56	1.00	19.31	-			
Comm. Services	0.10	0.21	0.49	0.78	18.12	0.85			
Consumer Disc.	0.15	0.36	0.78	1.18	24.47	0.96			
Consumer Staples	0.02	0.13	0.36	0.58	14.41	0.81			
Energy	0.18	0.39	0.60	1.19	31.29	0.76			
Financials	0.19	0.41	0.80	1.36	29.03	0.93			
Health Care	0.00	0.11	0.21	0.54	14.21	0.76			
Industrials	0.13	0.35	0.75	1.17	23.73	0.98			
Materials	0.11	0.32	0.59	1.08	22.84	0.94			
Real Estate	0.07	0.31	0.68	1.05	23.89	0.88			
Technology	0.09	0.32	0.56	1.10	23.36	0.93			
Utilities	0.01	0.20	0.37	0.77	19.68	0.77			

Source: State Street Global Advisors, FactSet, Bloomberg Finance L.P., Morningstar, as of 30 September 2021. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. ***** Sensitivity is beta to the macro variable, e.g. 10-year Treasury yield, Brent oil, and US 5yr–5yr forward as shown here. ***** Beta and volatility are based on index returns. Correlation is the 36-month correlation to the parent index.

SPDR — The Powerhouse of Sectors

Experienced Management

A leader in sector ETFs with nearly \$270bn globally.¹ Track record of managing sector ETFs since 1998

Physical Replication

One of the only providers with a full suite of physically replicated World, US and Europe sector ETFs in Europe

Cost-Efficient*

World UCITS Sector ETFs: 0.30% US UCITS Sector ETFs: 0.15% Europe UCITS Sector ETFs: 0.18%

SPDR ETF Information	ISIN	TER (%)	Euro- next	LSE	Xetra	Borsa Italiana	SIX	Mexico BMV	Q3 21 Net Flows (\$M)	YTD Net Flows (\$M)	SPDR AUM (\$M)
World Sector Funds											
SPDR MSCI World Communication Services UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRRG40	0.30	WTEL	WTEL	-	-	WTEL	WTELN	0	-7	30
SPDR MSCI World Consumer Discretionary UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRR640	0.30	WCOD	WCOD	-	-	WCOD	CDISN	0	6	38
SPDR MSCI World Consumer Staples UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRR756	0.30	WCOS	WCOS	-	-	WCOS	_	-9	-6	79
SPDR MSCI World Energy UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRR863	0.30	WNRG	WNRG	-	WNRG	WNRG	WNRGN	-38	31	374
SPDR MSCI World Financials UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRR970	0.30	WFIN	WFIN	-	WFIN	WFIN	WFINN	13	155	273
SPDR MSCI World Health Care UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRRB94	0.30	WHEA	WHEA	-	WHEA	WHEA	_	45	77	436
SPDR MSCI World Industrials UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRRC02	0.30	WIND	WNDU	-	-	WIND	-	0	4	74
SPDR MSCI World Materials UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRRF33	0.30	WMAT	WMAT	-	-	WMAT	WMATN	-46	57	140
SPDR Dow Jones Global Real Estate UCITS ETF	IEOOB8GF1M35	0.40	-	GLRE	SPYJ	GLRE	GBRE	-	13	35	268
SPDR MSCI World Technology UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRRD19	0.30	WTCH	WTEC	_	WTEC	WTEC	WTECN	19	2	444
SPDR MSCI World Utilities UCITS ETF	IEOOBYTRRH56	0.30	WUTI	WUTI	-	-	WUTI	_	0	0	15
US Sector Funds											
SPDR S&P U.S. Communication Services Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBFWFPX50	0.15	SXLC	SXLC	ZPDK	SXLC	SXLC	SXLCN	7	8	260
SPDR S&P U.S. Consumer Discretionary Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM278	0.15	SXLY	SXLY	ZPDD	SXLY	SXLY	SXLYN	-15	-17	121
SPDR S&P U.S. Consumer Staples Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM385	0.15	SXLP	SXLP	ZPDS	SXLP	SXLP	SXLPN	-45	-73	155
SPDR S&P U.S. Energy Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM492	0.15	SXLE	SXLE	ZPDE	SXLE	SXLE	SXLEN	-21	101	232
SPDR S&P U.S. Financials Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM500	0.15	SXLF	SXLF	ZPDF	SXLF	SXLF	SXLFN	29	90	529
SPDR S&P U.S. Health Care Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM617	0.15	SXLV	SXLV	ZPDH	SXLV	SXLV	SXLVN	56	71	273
SPDR S&P U.S. Industrials Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM724	0.15	SXLI	SXLI	ZPDI	SXLI	SXLI	SXLIN	-58	-15	345
SPDR S&P U.S. Materials Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM831	0.15	SXLB	SXLB	ZPDM	SXLB	SXLB	SXLBN	-8	18	51
SPDR S&P U.S. Technology Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXM948	0.15	SXLK	SXLK	ZPDT	SXLK	SXLK	SXLKN	199	192	531
SPDR S&P U.S. Utilities Select Sector UCITS ETF	IEOOBWBXMB69	0.15	SXLU	SXLU	ZPDU	SXLU	SXLU	SXLUN	-2	4	34
Europe Sector Funds											
SPDR MSCI Europe Communication Services UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQON82	0.18	STT	TELE	SPYT	STTX	STTX	TELEN	16	37	58
SPDR MSCI Europe Consumer Discretionary UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOC77	0.18	STR	CDIS	SPYR	STRX	STRX	_	26	178	241
SPDR MSCI Europe Consumer Staples UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOD84	0.18	STS	CSTP	SPYC	STSX	STSX	CSTPN	-20	-93	125
SPDR MSCI Europe Energy UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOF09	0.18	STN	ENGY	SPYN	STNX	STNX	ENGYN	92	136	238
SPDR MSCI Europe Financials UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOG16	0.18	STZ	FNCL	SPYZ	STZX	STZX	FNCLN	-228	-656	444
SPDR MSCI Europe Health Care UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOH23	0.18	STW	HLTH	SPYH	STWX	STWX	HLTHN	128	209	659
SPDR MSCI Europe Industrials UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOJ47	0.18	STQ	NDUS	SPYQ	STQX	STQX	NDUSN	-2	22	521
SPDR MSCI Europe Materials UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOL68	0.18	STP	MTRL		STPX	STPX	MTRLN	-7	11	57
SPDR FTSE EPRA Europe ex UK Real Estate UCITS ETF	IEOOBSJCQV56	0.30	_	EURE	ZPRP	EURE	EURE	_	-4	-8	61
SPDR MSCI Europe Technology UCITS ETF	IEOOBKWQOK51	0.18	STK	ITEC	SPYK	STKX	STKX	ITECN	11	3	79
	IEOOBKWQOPO7	0.18	STU		SPYU	STUX		UTILN			

1 Sources: Bloomberg Finance L.P., State Street Global Advisors, as of 30 September 2021. To view additional fund details, including full performance history, please click on the fund name.

* Frequent trading of ETFs could significantly increase commissions and other costs such that they may offset any savings from low fees or costs.

European Equities: Valuations Remain Supportive

Despite the recent selling pressure that European equities have seen, we still believe valuations remain extremely supportive. This is particularly true as, thus far, Europe and the UK have seen slightly more subdued inflation than other regions, which means that at current CPI levels, these are the only parts of the market offering positive real dividend yields.

Equities in Europe also still look cheap relative to government bonds and corporate exposures, with both investment grade and high yield exposures in Europe also yielding well below the inflation rate. This implies that there should be a continuation of the "there is no alternative" effect for European equities, which should continue to support investors allocating to this exposure.

We also expect to see a continuation of the transition from monetary stimulus offering support to European equities to more fundamentally driven support. Although European equities have seen relatively strong performance this year, particularly during Q3, they have continued to cheapen. This is because earnings have continued to see upward revisions as analysts begin to price in the full impact of economic re-openings; Europe has lagged behind the US in taking full advantage of re-openings.

The final factor that could continue to benefit Europe is the fact that there is a significant overweight to more cyclically focused companies in the European indices, particularly financials and energy. Investors looking for significant value exposure may want to consider the MSCI Europe Index, as it includes the UK, which is currently trading at a meaningful discount. Investors who are nervous about the impact of Brexit and its knock-on effects can insulate themselves through the MSCI EMU Index, only investing in eurozone securities.



MSCI Europe and MSCI EMU Price to Earnings Relative to Global Equities

Source: State Street Global Advisors, Bloomberg Finance L.P., as of 30 September 2021. Price to earnings is defined as 12-month forward BEST PE RATIO.

Japanese Equities: Still Cheap and May Be Helped by Political Tailwinds

For most of this year, Japanese equities lagged significantly versus other regional equity indices, as shown by the chart below. However, following a surprise decision by Prime Minister Suga to not seek re-election, Japanese equities rallied strongly in September, even while other indices weakened, as investors hoped the new Prime Minister could pave the way for further fiscal stimulus.

Although the newly elected Prime Minister Kishida has subsequently dampened sentiment with rhetoric of increased taxation, there is still optimism that there could be more fiscal stimulus further down the road, especially as Kishida pronounced previously that a 30 trillion Japanese yen (JPY) economic rescue package was required to boost the economy. With the new leader in place, it is also unlikely that we will see much equity market disruption, which investors had been nervous about when Suga faced re-election.

While the JPY has strengthened over the course of 2021, which tends to have a negative impact on Japanese stocks, it is unlikely to strengthen much further. The Fed has already made pronouncements that it will begin to tighten monetary policy, while the Bank of Japan is not in a position where it will be able to tighten policy before the end of the year, which should take some of the upward pressure off the JPY.

Finally, Japanese corporate balance sheets remain in an incredibly strong position, with 50% of corporates in the TOPIX index currently sitting on more cash than debt. Most of these companies have made strong profitability gains over the past few years due to remaining disciplined with capital and creating significant efficiency gains in their operations.

Despite the strong returns that Japanese equities have seen, they still trade at a significant discount relative to global equities, currently trading 15% lower on a relative P/E basis. This means investors who believe the reflation and cyclical trade still has legs in Q4 can effectively capture the theme with an allocation to the MSCI Japan Index.







Source: Morningstar Direct, as of 30 September 2021. Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns. Index returns are unmanaged and do not reflect the deduction of any fees or expenses. Index returns reflect all items of income, gain and loss and the reinvestment of dividends and other income as applicable.

Mid Caps: Reduce US Equity Concentration with a Size Approach

Most investors are keen to maintain an allocation to US equities due to the fact the economic recovery continues to be robust in the country. However, many investors are now nervous by how concentrated the S&P 500 Index has become, with more than 20% of the index sitting in the top 5 holdings and 28% in the top 10 holdings. This concentration means that investors in the S&P 500 are exposed to a large amount of single-stock risk, and these largest holdings all tend to have a growth tilt to their exposure.

The S&P MidCap 400 Index, on the other hand, is far less concentrated. With just 3% of the index in the top 5 holdings and 6% in the top 10, investors take on much less stock-specific risk with this index. On a valuation basis, mid caps look significantly cheaper than large caps, with a current price/book of 2.69 versus 4.48 in large caps.

The mid cap index also reduces exposure to some of the highest growth and technology-focused sectors, with a significant underweight to information technology and communication services. Instead, the index is heavily overweight in more cyclical sectors, such as industrials, real estate and materials.

For investors concerned about the possibility of Treasury yields continuing to rise further, and the negative consequences that may have on the heavily technology-focused names in the S&P 500 Index, the S&P MidCap 400 Index provides an effective way to maintain exposure to US equities while reducing some of the risk associated with rising rates. The more cyclically focused parts of the index should benefit if the reflation trade continues to gather steam in Q4.



Source: FactSet, as of 30 September 2021. Weights are as of date indicated and shouldn't be relied thereafter. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector shown. It is not known whether the sectors shown will be profitable in the future.

SPDR Broad Equity ETFs

Fund Name	Ticker	ISIN	Inception Date	Index	TER (%)	AUM (\$Mn)
Global		,				
SPDR® MSCI ACWI UCITS ETF	ACWD	IE00B44Z5B48	5/13/2011	MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) Index	0.40	2,850
SPDR® MSCI ACWI EUR Hdg UCITS ETF (Acc)	SPP1	IEOOBF1B7389	9/30/2019	MSCI ACWI with Developed Markets 100% hedged to EUR Index	0.45	281
SPDR* MSCI ACWI USD Hdg UCITS ETF	SPP2	IEOOBF1B7272	10/21/2020	MSCI ACWI with Developed Markets 100% Hedged to USD Index	0.45	53
SPDR® MSCI ACWI IMI UCITS ETF	IMID	IEOOB3YLTY66	5/13/2011	Investable	0.40	444
SPDR® MSCI World UCITS ETF	SWRD	IEOOBFYOGT14	2/28/2019	MSCI World Index	0.12	1,196
SPDR® MSCI World Small Cap UCITS ETF	WDSC	IEOOBCBJG560	11/25/2013	MSCI World Small Cap Index	0.45	959
US						
SPDR® S&P 500 UCITS ETF	SPY5	IEOOB6YX5C33	3/19/2012	S&P 500 Index	0.09	5,398
SPDR S&P 500 EUR Hdg UCITS ETF	SPPE	IEOOBYYW2V44	10/31/2018	S&P 500 EUR Dynamic Hedged Index	0.12	415
SPDR® S&P 400 US Mid Cap UCITS ETF	SPY4	IEOOB4YBJ215	1/30/2012	S&P MidCap 400 Index	0.30	1,152
SPDR® Russell 2000 US Small Cap UCITS ETF	R2US	IEOOBJ38QD84	6/30/2014	Russell 2000 Index	0.30	1,825
SPDR S&P 500 ESG Screened UCITS ETF	500X	IEOOBH4GPZ28	12/2/2019	S&P 500 ESG Exclusions II Index	0.10	450
Europe						
SPDR® MSCI Europe UCITS ETF	ERO	IEOOBKWQOQ14	12/5/2014	MSCI Europe Index	0.25	456
SPDR® MSCI EMU UCITS ETF	ZPRE	IE00B910VR50	1/25/2013	MSCI EMU Index	0.18	283
SPDR® MSCI Europe Small Cap UCITS ETF	SMC	IEOOBKWQOM75	12/5/2014	MSCI Europe Small Cap Index	0.30	321
SPDR STOXX Europe 600 ESG Screened UCITS ETF	ZPDX	IEOOBK5H8015	9/30/2019	STOXX Europe 600 ESG-X Index	0.12	96
Emerging Markets						
SPDR® MSCI Emerging Markets UCITS ETF	EMRD	IE00B469F816	5/13/2011	MSCI Emerging Markets Index	0.42	533
SPDR* MSCI EM Asia UCITS ETF	EMAD	IEOOB466KX20	5/13/2011	MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Asia Index	0.55	1,287
SPDR® MSCI Emerging Markets Small Cap UCITS ETF	EMSD	IE00B48X4842	5/13/2011	MSCI Emerging Markets Small Cap Index	0.55	188
Single Country						
SPDR® FTSE UK All Share UCITS ETF	FTAL	IE00B7452L46	02/28/2012	FTSE All-Share Index	0.20	933
SPDR® FTSE UK All Share UCITS ETF (Dist)	ZPRD	IEOOBD5FCF91	4/26/2018	FTSE AllSh TR GBP	0.20	119
SPDR® MSCI Japan UCITS ETF	JPJP	IEOOBZOG8B96	11/30/2015	MSCI Japan Index	0.12	217
SPDR® MSCI Japan EUR Hdg UCITS ETF	ZPDW	IEOOBZOG8CO4	11/30/2015	MSCI Japan 100% Hedged to EUR Index	0.17	17

Source: State Street Global Advisors, Bloomberg Finance L.P., as of 30 September 2021. To view additional fund details, including full performance history, please click on the fund name.

Contributors

Rebecca Chesworth Senior Equity ETF Strategist Krzysztof Janiga, CFA ETF Strategist

Benjamin O'Dwyer ETF Strategist

Methodologies

SPDR Sector Picks Explained Looking out three months, we consider which sectors stand to potentially benefit from a combination of top-down and bottom-up factors. Macroeconomic indicators greatly inform our research, along with aggregated earnings and valuation metrics. We also consider investor flows and positioning. Most importantly, we reflect on the likely drivers of each sector over the forecast period.¹

Access to 15% of World's Tradeable Securities² As part of State Street, we have access to information gleaned from our large global custody business. By aggregating \$40 trillion of financial assets, we can observe behavioural trends of this important investor constituent. This includes not only the direction of flows, but also the relative positioning of portfolios. These metrics are generated from regression analysis based on aggregated and anonymous flow data in order to better capture investor preference and to ensure the safeguarding of client confidentiality.

Investor Behaviour Indicators Explained Holdings measure investors' actual positions over and above the neutral positions embedded in their benchmarks. The figures are shown as percentiles and represent the investor holdings at month-end versus the last five years. This approach provides perspective on the size of holdings compared with their historical trends, whereas a single, dollar figure provides less context; 100% represents the largest holding in the last five years whilst 0% is the lowest holding.

Active Flows Indicates the value of net buying by large institutional investors (buys minus sells) expressed in terms of basis points of market capitalisation. These are flows in addition to the purchases or sales driven by shareholders allocating to the benchmark.

Top Chart Records the asset flow over the previous three months (60 trading days) versus the last five years.

Bottom Chart Shows trend of flows over previous three months (60 trading days).

Endnotes

¹ Targets such as the type noted above are estimates based on certain assumptions and analysis made by State Street Global Advisors. There is no guarantee that the estimates will be achieved.

² Source: State Street, as of 31 March 2021.

ssga.com/etfs

Marketing communication. General access. For professional clients use only. For qualified investors according to Article 10(3) and (3ter) of the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act ("CISA") and its implementing ordinance, at the exclusion of qualified investors with an opting-out pursuant to Art. 5(1) of the Swiss Federal Law on Financial Services ("FinSA") and without any portfolio management or advisory relationship with a financial intermediary pursuant to Article 10(3ter) CISA ("Excluded Qualified Investors") only.

For Investors in Austria: The offering of SPDR ETFs by the Company has been notified to the Financial Markets Authority (FMA) in accordance with section 139 of the Austrian Investment Funds Act. Prospective investors may obtain the current sales Prospectus, the articles of incorporation, the KIID as well as the latest annual and semi-annual reportfree of charge from State Street Global Advisors GmbH. Brienner Strasse 59, D-80333 Munich. T: +49 (0)89-55878-400. F: +49 (0)89-55878-440. For Investors in Finland: The offering of funds by the Companies has been notified to the Financial Supervision Authority in accordance with Section 127 of the Act on Common Funds (29.1.1999/48) and by virtue of confirmation from the Financial Supervision Authority the Companies may publicly distribute its Shares in Finland. Certain information and documents that the Companies must publish in Ireland pursuant to applicable Irish law are translated into Finnish and are available for Finnish investors by contacting State Street Custodial Services (Ireland) Limited, 78 Sir John Rogerson's Ouay, Dublin 2, Ireland, For Investors in France: This

document does not constitute an offer or request to purchase shares in the Company. Any subscription for shares shall be made in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the complete Prospectus, the KIID, the addenda as well as the Company Supplements. These documents are available from the Company centralizing correspondent: State Street Banque S.A., Coeur Défense - Tour A - La Défense 4 33e étage 100, Esplanade du Général de Gaulle 92 932 Paris La Défense cedex France or on the French part of the site ssga.com. The Company is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) governed by Irish law and accredited by the Central Bank of Ireland as a UCITS in accordance with European Regulations. European Directive no. 2014/91/EU dated 23 July 2014 on UCITS, as amended, established common rules pursuant to the cross-border marketing of UCITS with which they duly comply. This common base does not exclude differentiated implementation. This is why a European UCITS can be sold in

France even though its activity does not comply with rules identical to those governing the approval of this type of product in France. The offering of these compartments has been notified to the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF) in accordance with article L214-2-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code. Hong Kong: State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited, 68/F. Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong. T: +852 2103-0288. F: +852 2103-0200. The Funds mentioned are not registered in Hong Kong and may not be sold, issued or offered in Hong Kong in circumstances which amount to an offer to the public. This document is issued for informational purposes only. It has not been reviewed or approved by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission. SSGA accepts no liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from or in connection with any use of, or reliance on, this document which does not have any regard to the particular needs of any person, SSGA takes no responsibility whatsoever for any use, reliance or reference by persons other than the intended recipient of this document. For Investors in Germany: The offering of SPDR ETFs by the Companies has been notified to the Bundesanstal für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (BaFin) in accordance with section 312 of the German Investment Act. Prospective investors may obtain the current sales Prospectuses, the articles of incorporation, the KIIDs as well as the latest annual and semiannual report free of charge from State Street Global Advisors GmbH, Brienner Strasse 59,

D-80333 Munich. T: +49 (0)89-55878-400. **Ireland Entity:** State Street Global

Advisors Ireland Limited is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Registered office address 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. Registered number 145221. T: +353 (0)1776 3000. F: +353 (0)1776 3300.

Israel: No action has been taken or will be taken in Israel that would permit a public offering of the Securities or distribution of this sales brochure to the public in Israel. This sales brochure has not been approved by the Israel Securities Authority (the 'ISA'). Accordingly, the Securities shall only be sold in Israel to an investor of the type listed in the First Schedule to the Israeli Securities Law, 1978, which has confirmed in writing that it falls within one of the categories listed therein (accompanied by external confirmation where this is required under ISA guidelines), that it is aware of the implications of being considered such an investor and consents thereto, and further that the Securities are being purchased for its own account and not for the purpose of re-sale or distribution. This sales brochure may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose, nor be furnished to any other person other than those to whom copies have been sent. Nothing in this sales brochure should be considered investment advice or

investment marketing as defined in the Regulation of Investment Advice, Investment Marketing and Portfolio Management Law, 1995 ("the Investment Advice Law"). Investors are encouraged to seek competent investment advice from a locally licenced investment advisor prior to making any investment. State Street is not licenced under the Investment Advice Law, nor does it carry the insurance as required of a licencee thereunder. This sales brochure does not constitute

In sales bicking does not constitute an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the Securities offered hereby, nor does it constitute an offer to sell to or solicitation of an offer to buy from any person or persons in any state or other jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation would be unlawful, or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to a person or persons to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

Italy Entity: State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited Milan Branch (Sede Secondaria di Milano) ("State Street Global Advisors Milan Branch") is a branch of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221. authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. State Street Global Advisors Milan Branch is registered in Italy with company number 10495250960 - R.E.A. 2535585 and VAT number 10495250960, and its office is located at Via Ferrante Aporti, 10 - 20125 Milano, Italy. T: (+39) 02 32066 100. F: (+39) 02 32066 155.

For Investors in Luxembourg: The Companies have been notified to the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier in Luxembourg in order to market their shares for sale to the public in Luxembourg and the Companies are notified Undertakings in Collective Investment for Transferable Securities (UCITS).

For Investors in the Netherlands: This communication is directed at qualified investors within the meaning of Section 2:72 of the Dutch Financial Markets Supervision Act (Wet op het financieel toezicht) as amended. The products and services to which this communication relates are only available to such persons and persons of any other description should not rely on this communication. Distribution of this document does not trigger a licence requirement for the Companies or SSGA in the Netherlands and consequently no prudential and conduct of business supervision will be exercised over the Companies or SSGA by the Dutch Central Bank (De Nederlandsche Bank N.V.) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten). The Companies have completed their notification to the Authority Financial Markets in the Netherlands in order to market their shares for sale to the public in the Netherlands and the Companies are.

accordingly, investment institutions (beleggingsinstellingen) according to Section 2:72 Dutch Financial Markets Supervision Act of Investment Institutions. For Investors in Norway: The offering of SPDR ETFs by the Companies has been notified to the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway (Finanstilsynet) in accordance with applicable Norwegian Securities Funds legislation. By virtue of a confirmation letter from the Financial Supervisory Authority dated 28 March 2013 (16 October 2013 for umbrella II) the Companies may market and sell their shares in Norway. Singapore: State Street Global Advisors

Singapore Limited, 168, Robinson Road, #33-01 Capital Tower, Singapore 068912 (Company Reg. No: 200002719D, regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore). T: +65 6826-7555. F: +65 6826-7501.

The offer or invitation of the [Units], which is the subject of this [Prospectus], does not relate to a collective investment scheme which is authorised under section 286 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (SFA) or recognised under section 287 of the SFA. The Fund is not authorised or recognised by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) and [Units] are not allowed to be offered to the retail public. Each of this [Prospectus] and any other document or material issued in connection with the offer or sale is not a prospectus as defined in the SFA. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. A potential investor should consider carefully whether the investment is suitable for it.

The MAS assumes no responsibility for the contents of this [Prospectus]. This [Prospectus] has not been registered as a prospectus with the MAS. Accordingly, this [Prospectus] and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of [Units] may not be circulated or distributed, nor may [Units] be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than to an institutional investor under Section 304 of the SFA or otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA. Any subsequent sale of [Units] acquired pursuant to an offer made in reliance on an exemption under section 305 of the SFA may only be made pursuant to the requirements of sections 304A.

For Investors in Spain: State Street Global Advisors SPDR ETFs Europe I and II plc have been authorised for public distribution in Spain and are registered with the Spanish Securities Market Commission (Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores) under no.1244 and no.1242. Before investing, investors may obtain a copy of the Prospectus and Key Investor Information Documents, the Marketing Memoranda, the fund rules or instruments of incorporation as well as the annual and semi-annual reports of State Street Global Advisors SPDR ETFs Europe I and II plc from Cecabank, S.A. Alcalá 27, 28014 Madrid (Spain) who is the Spanish Representative, Paying Agent and distributor in Spain or at ssga. com. The authorised Spanish distributor of State Street Global Advisors SPDR ETFs is available on the website of the Securities Market Commission (Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores).

For Investors in Switzerland: This document is directed at qualified investors only, as defined Article 10(3) and (3ter) of the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act ("CISA") and its implementing ordinance, at the exclusion of qualified investors with an opting-out pursuant to Art. 5(1) of the Swiss Federal Law on Financial Services ("FinSA") and without any portfolio management or advisory relationship with a financial intermediary pursuant to Article 10(3ter) CISA ("Excluded Qualified Investors"). Certain of the funds may not be registered for public sale with the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA) which acts as supervisory authority in investment fund matters. Accordingly, the shares of those funds may only be offered to the aforementioned qualified investors and not be offered to any other investor in or from Switzerland. Before investing please read the prospectus and the KIID. In relation to those funds which are registered with FINMA or have appointed a Swiss Representative and Paying Agent, prospective investors may obtain the current sales prospectus, the articles of incorporation, the KIIDs as well as the latest annual and semi-annual reports free of charge from the Swiss Representative and Paying Agent, State Street Bank International GmbH, Munich, Zurich Branch, Beethovenstrasse 19, 8027 Zurich, or at spdrs.com, as well as from the main distributor in Switzerland, State Street Global Advisors AG ("SSGA AG"), Beethovenstrasse 19, 8027 Zurich. For information and documentation regarding all other funds, please visit spdrs.com or contact SSGA AG.

For Investors in the UK: The Funds have been registered for distribution in the UK pursuant to the UK's temporary permissions regime under regulation 62 of the Collective Investment Schemes (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019. The Funds are directed at 'professional clients' in the UK (as defined in rules made under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) who are deemed both knowledgeable and experienced in matters relating to investments. The products and services to which this communication relates are only available to such persons and persons of any other description should not rely on this communication. Many of the protections provided by the UK regulatory system do not apply to the operation of the Funds, and compensation will not be available under the UK Financial Services Compensation Scheme Investing involves risk including the risk of loss of principal.

The whole or any part of this work may not be reproduced, copied or transmitted or any of its contents disclosed to third parties without SSGA's express written consent. The trademarks and service marks referenced herein are the property of their respective owners. Third party data providers make no warranties or representations of any kind relating to the accuracy completeness or timeliness of the data and have no liability for damages of any kind relating to the use of such data. This document has been issued by State Street Global Advisors Europe Limited ("SSGAEL"), regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Registered office address 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. Registered number 145221. T: +353 (0)1776 3000, F: +353 (0)1776 3300. Web: ssga.com.

The information provided does not constitute investment advice as such term is defined under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2014/65/EU) or applicable Swiss regulation and it should not be relied on as such. It should not be considered a solicitation to buy or an offer to sell any investment. It does not take into account any investor's or potential investor's particular investment objectives strategies, tax status, risk appetite or investment horizon. If you require investment advice you should consult your tax and financial or other professional advisor. All information is from SSGA unless otherwise noted and has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but its accuracy is not guaranteed. There is no representation or warranty as to the current accuracy, reliability or completeness of, nor liability for, decisions based on such information and it should not be relied on as such.

All the index performance results referred to are provided exclusively for comparison purposes only. It should not be assumed that they represent the performance of any particular investment. ETFs trade like stocks, are subject to investment risk and will fluctuate in market value. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate in value, so that when shares are sold or redeemed, they may be worth more or less than when they were purchased. Although shares may be bought or sold on an exchange through any brokerage account, shares are not individually redeemable from the fund. Investors may acquire shares and tender them for redemption through the fund in large aggregations known as "creation units." Please see the fund's prospectus for more details.

Concentrated investments in a particular sector or industry tend to be more volatile than the overall market and increases risk that events negatively affecting such sectorsor industries could reduce returns, potentially causing the value of the Fund's shares to decrease. Select Sector SPDR Funds bear a higher level of risk than more broadly diversified

funds. All ETFs are subject to risk. including the possible loss of principal. Sector ETFs products are also subject to sector risk and nondiversification risk, which generally results in greater price fluctuations than the overall market Equity securities may fluctuate in value in response to the activities of individual companies and general market and economic conditions. Investing in foreign domiciled securities may involve risk of capital loss from unfavourable fluctuation in currency values, withholding taxes, from differences in generally accepted accounting principles or from economic or political instability in other nations. The views expressed in this material are the views of the SPDR EMEA Strategy & Research Team through the period ended 8 July 2021 and are subject to change based on market and other conditions. This document contains certain statements that may be deemed forward-looking statements. Please note that any such statements are not guarantees of any future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected. This information should not be considered a recommendation to invest in a particular sector or to buy or sell any security shown. It is not known whether the sectors or securities shown will be profitable in the future. Standard & Poor's, S&P and SPDR are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P); Dow Jones is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC (Dow Jones); and these trademarks have been licenced for use by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC (SPDJI) and sublicenced for certain purposes by State Street Corporation. State Street Corporation's financial products are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, their respective affiliates and third party licensors and none of such parties make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in such product(s) nor do they have any liability in relation thereto, including for any errors, omissions, or interruptions of any index.

The information contained in this communication is not a research recommendation or 'investment research' and is classified as a 'Marketing Communication' in accordance with the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2014/65/EU) or applicable Swiss regulation. This means that this marketing communication (a) has not been prepared in accordance with legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research (b) is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. You should obtain and read the SPDR prospectus and relevant Key Investor Information Document (KIID) prior to investing, which may be obtained from ssga.com. These include further details relating to the SPDR funds, including information relating to costs, risks and where the funds are authorised for sale.

Investments in emerging or developing markets may be more volatile and less liquid than investing in developed markets and may involve exposure to economic structures that are generally less diverse and mature and to political systems which have less stability than those of more developed countries.

Bonds generally present less short-term risk and volatility than stocks, but contain interest rate risk (as interest rates rise. bond prices usually fall); issuer default risk; issuer credit risk; liquidity risk; and inflation risk. These effects are usually pronounced for longer-term securities. Any fixed income security sold or redeemed prior to maturity may be subject to a substantial gain or loss There are risks associated with investing in Real Assets and the Real Assets sector. including real estate, precious metals and natural resources. Investments can be significantly affected by events relating to these industries. Investing in REITs involves certain distinct risks in addition to those risks associated with investing in the real estate industry in general. Equity REITs may be affected by changes in the value of the underlying property owned by the REITs, while mortgage REITs may be affected by the quality of credit extended. REITs are subject to heavy cash flow dependency, default by borrowers and selfliquidation. REITs, especially mortgage REITs, are also subject to interest rate risk (i.e., as interest rates rise, the value of the REIT may decline).

Investments in mid/small-sized companies may involve greater risks than in those of larger, better known companies.

Investments in emerging or developing markets may be more volatile and less liquid than investing in developed markets and may involve exposure to economic structures that are generally less diverse and mature and to political systems which have less stability than those of more developed countries.

The returns on a portfolio of securities which exclude companies that do not meet the portfolio's specified ESG criteria may trail the returns on a portfolio of securities which include such companies. A portfolio's ESG criteria may result in the portfolio investing in industry sectors or securities which underperform the market as a whole.

The Fund/share class may use financial derivatives instruments for currency hedging and to manage the portfolio efficiently. The Fund may purchase securities that are not denominated in the share class currency. Hedging should mitigate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations however hedges are sometimes subject to imperfect matching which could generate losses.

© 2021 State Street Corporation. All Rights Reserved. ID761150-1990314.62.1.GBL.INST 1021 Exp. Date: 31/01/2022